**CS105 BAROMETRIC PRESSURE SENSOR** 

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#### CAMPBELL SCIENTIFIC, INC. RMA#\_\_\_\_\_ 815 West 1800 North Logan, Utah 84321-1784

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# **CS105 BAROMETRIC PRESSURE SENSOR**

### 1. GENERAL

The CS105 analog barometer uses Vaisala's Barocap® silicon capacitive pressure sensor. The Barocap sensor has been designed for accurate and stable measurement of barometric pressure. The CS105 outputs a linear 0 to 2.5 VDC signal that corresponds to 600 to 1060 mb. It can be operated in a powerup or continuous mode. In the powerup mode the datalogger switches 12 VDC power to the barometer during the measurement. The datalogger then powers down the barometer between measurements to conserve power.

# 2. SPECIFICATIONS

#### **Operating Range**

Pressure:	600 mb to 1060 mb
Temperature:	-40°C to +60°C
Humidity:	non-condensing

#### Accuracy

Total Accuracy***	±0.5 mb @ +20°C ±2 mb @ 0°C to +40°C
	±4 mb @ -20°C to +45°C
	±6 mb @ -40°C to +60°C
Linearity*:	±0.45 mb @ 20°C
Hysteresis*:	±0.05 mb @ 20°C
Repeatability*:	±0.05 mb @ 20°C
Calibration uncertainty**	:±0.15 mb @ 20°C
Long-Term Stability:	±0.1 mb per year

- Defined as ±2 standard deviation limits of end-point non-linearity, hysteresis error, or repeatability error
- \*\* Defined as ±2 standard deviation limits of inaccuracy of the working standard at 1000 mb in comparison to international standards (NIST)
- \*\*\* Defined as the root sum of the squares (RSS) of end-point non-linearity, hysteresis error, repeatability error and calibration uncertainty at room temperature

#### General

Dimensions: 9.7 cm x 5.9 cm x 2.1 cm (3.8" x 2.3" x 0.8")

Weight: 110 g (4 oz)

Housing material: anodized aluminum

Supply Voltage: 10 to 30 VDC

Supply Voltage Control: When enabled with an internal jumper, the CS105 is on continually. When disabled, the CS105 can be turned on/off with 5 VDC/0 VDC.

Supply voltage sensitivity: Less than 0.1 mb

Current Consumption: <4 mA (active); <1 µA (quiescent)

Output Voltage: 0 to 2.5 VDC

Warm Up Time: 1 second

Pressure fitting: barbed fitting for 1/8" I.D. tubing

Overpressure limit: 2000 mb

**NOTE:** The black outer jacket of the cable is Santoprene<sup>®</sup> rubber. This compound was chosen for its resistance to temperature extremes, moisture, and UV degradation. However, this jacket will support combustion in air. It is rated as slow burning when tested according to U.L. 94 H.B. and will pass FMVSS302. Local fire codes may preclude its use inside buildings.

# **3. INSTALLATION AND WIRING**

The CS105 can be operated in one of two modes: powerup and continuous. The mode is selected by a jumper located underneath a black plug on the face of the barometer. When the jumper is not installed, the CS105 is in powerup mode and the datalogger turns the CS105 on and off with a control port (CR10, 21X) or excitation channel (21X). When the jumper is installed the CS105 is powered continuously.

**NOTE:** All CS105s shipped from Campbell Scientific are configured for powerup mode.

Mount the CS105 to the backplate in the same enclosure that the datalogger is located in (Figure 1).

**NOTE:** On the older (grey jacketed) cable pressure (VOUT) was brown and signal ground (AGND) was white.



FIGURE 1. CS105 Mounted on the Backplate of an ENC 12/14 Enclosure.

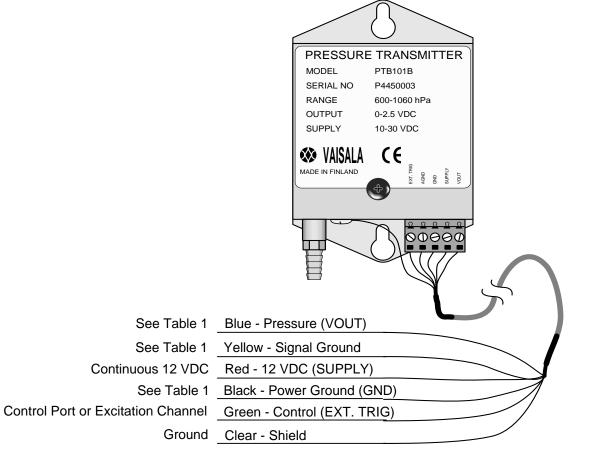


FIGURE 2. CS105 Wiring Diagram

TABLE 1. Signal and Ground Connectors		
	Single-Ended <u>Measurement</u>	Differential <u>Measurement</u>
Blue	S.E. Input, S.E. 7 (4H)	High side of Diff Input (4H)
Yellow	Analog Ground (CR10) Ground (21X)	Low Side of Diff. Input (4L)
Black	Analog Ground (CR10) Ground (21X)	Ground (CR10, 21X)

#### **TABLE 1. Signal and Ground Connectors**

#### 4. PROGRAMMING

Atmospheric pressure changes little with time. In most weather station applications measuring pressure once an hour is adequate. In Example 1 the datalogger turns on the CS105 one minute before the top of the hour with a control port. As in the example, the execution interval must be one minute or less. On the hour the datalogger measures the CS105, records the pressure, and turns off the CS105.

In Example 2 the CS105 is measured every execution interval. The datalogger turns the CS105 on and waits one second for the CS105 to warm up, before the measurement is made.

The execution interval must be long enough to accommodate the one second delay, to warm up the CS105, and all the other measurement and processing instructions in the program.

In Example 3, the CS105 is measured every execution interval with a 21X. An excitation channel is used to turn the CS105 on and off.

**WARNING:** A CR10(X) excitation channel cannot be used to turn the CS105 on and off because the maximum excitation voltage is 2.5 volts. The CS105 control requires 5 VDC.

In the example programs the pressure is reported in millibars (mb). To report pressure in different units, multiply (Instruction 37) the measured pressure by the appropriate conversion factor (Table 2).

# TABLE 2. Conversion Factors for Alternative Pressure Units

<u>To Find</u>	Multiply by
kPa mm of Hg in of Hg PSI	0.1 0.75006 0.02953 0.0145
1.01	0.0170

Example 1.	CR10(X) Program	for Measuring the	CS105 Once Every Hour
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;{CR10X}		
; *Tabl 01:	le 1 Program 30	Execution Interval (seconds)
01:	If time is (P92) 1: 59 2: 60 3: 41*	Minutes (Seconds) into a Interval (same units as above) Set Port 1* High
02:	If time is (P92) 1: 0 2: 60 3: 30	Minutes (Seconds) into a Interval (same units as above) Then Do
03:	Volts (SE) (P1) 1: 1 2: 25** 3: 7* 4: 1* 5: .184 6: 600	Reps ± 2500 mV 60 Hz Rejection Range SE Channel Loc [ P_mb ] Mult Offset
04:	Do (P86) 1:  51*	Set Port 1* Low
05:	End (P95)	
06:	If time is (P92) 1: 0 2: 60 3: 10	Minutes (Seconds) into a Interval (same units as above) Set Output Flag High (Flag 0)
07:	Real Time (P77) 1: 0110	Day,Hour/Minute
08:	Sample (P70) 1: 1 2: 1*	Reps Loc [ P_mb ]
-Input Locations-		

1 P\_mb

\* Proper entries will vary with program and datalogger channel, and input location assignments.

\*\* On the 21X use the 5000 mV slow range.

;{CR10X}		
; *Tab 01	le 1 Program : 2	Execution Interval (seconds)
01:	Do (P86) 1: 41*	Set Port 1* High
02:	Excitation with D 1: 1 2: 0 3: 100 4: 0	elay (P22) Ex Channel Delay W/Ex (units = 0.01 sec) Delay After Ex (units = 0.01 sec) mV Excitation
03:	Volts (SE) (P1) 1: 1 2: 25** 3: 7* 4: 1* 5: .184 6: 600	Reps ± 2500 mV 60 Hz Rejection Range SE Channel Loc [ P_mb ] Mult Offset
04:	Do (P86) 1:  51*	Set Port 1* Low
05:	If time is (P92) 1: 0 2: 30 3: 10	Minutes (Seconds) into a Interval (same units as above) Set Output Flag High (Flag 0)
06:	Real Time (P77) 1: 0110	Day,Hour/Minute
07:	Average (P71) 1: 1 2: 1*	Reps Loc [ P_mb ]
-Input Locations-		

Example 2. CR10(X) Program for Measuring the CS105 every Execution Interval

-Input Locations-

1 P\_mb

- \* Proper entries will vary with program and datalogger channel, and input location assignments.
- \*\* On the 21X use the 5000 mV slow range.

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#### Example 3. 21X Program for Measuring the CS105 Every Execution Interval Using an Excitation Channel to Turn the CS105 On and Off.

;{21X} \*Table 1 Program 01: Execution Interval (seconds) 2 Excite Delay Volt (SE) (P4) 01: 1: 1 Reps 2: 5 ± 5000 mV Slow Range 3: 7\* SE Channel 4: 1\* Excite all reps w/Exchan 1 5: 100 Delay (units 0.01 sec) 6: 5000 mV Excitation 7: 1\* Loc [ P\_mb 1 8: .184 Mult 9: 600 Offset If time is (P92) 02: Minutes into a 1: 0 30 2: Minute Interval 3: 10 Set Output Flag High 03: Real Time (P77) 1: 0110 Day,Hour/Minute 04: Average (P71) 1: Reps 1 2: 1\* Loc [ P\_mb 1 -Input Locations-1 P\_mb

\* Proper entries will vary with program and datalogger channel, and input location assignments.

# 5. LONG LEAD LENGTHS

There is a 0.06 mV/foot voltage drop in the CS105 signal leads. This voltage drop, in long lead lengths, will raise the barometric reading by approximately 1.1 mb per 100 feet.

For lead lengths greater than 20 feet, use the differential instruction (Instruction 2) to measure the CS105.

#### Example 4. CR10(X) Program for Measuring the CS105 Once Every Hour with Instruction 2 (Differential Measurement)

;{CR10X}		
; *Table 1 Program 01: 10		Execution Interval (seconds)
01:	If time is (P92) 1: 59 2: 60 3: 41*	Minutes (Seconds) into a Interval (same units as above) Set Port 1* High
02:	If time is (P92) 1: 0 2: 60 3: 30	Minutes (Seconds) into a Interval (same units as above) Then Do
03:	Volt (Diff) (P2) 1: 1 2: 25* 3: 4* 4: 1* 5: .184 6: 600	Reps ± 2500 mV 60 Hz Rejection Range DIFF Channel Loc [ P_mb ] Mult Offset
04:	Do (P86) 1:  51*	Set Port 1* Low
05:	End (P95)	
06:	If time is (P92) 1: 0 2: 60 3: 10	Minutes (Seconds) into a Interval (same units as above) Set Output Flag High (Flag 0)
07:	Real Time (P77) 1: 0110	Day,Hour/Minute
08:	Sample (P70) 1: 1 2: 1*	Reps Loc [ P_mb   ]
-Input Locations-		

1 P\_mb

Proper entries will vary with program and datalogger channel, and input location assignments.
 \*\* On the 21X use the 5000 mV slow range.

## 6. CORRECTING PRESSURE TO SEA LEVEL

The weather service, most airports, radio stations, and television stations reduce the atmospheric pressure to a common reference (sea level). Equation 1 can be used to find the difference in pressure between the sea level and the site. That value (*dP*) is then added to the offset (600 mb) in the measurement instruction. U. S. Standard Atmosphere and dry air were assumed when Equation 1 was derived (Wallace, J. M. and P. V. Hobbes, 1977: *Atmospheric Science: An Introductory Survey*, Academic Press, pp. 59-61).

$$dP = 1013.25 \left\{ 1 - \left( 1 - \frac{E}{44307.69231} \right)^{5.25328} \right\}$$
(1)

The value dP is in millibars and the site elevation, *E*, is in meters. Add dP to the offset in the measurement instruction.

Use Equation (2) to convert from feet to meters.

$$E(m) = \frac{E(ft)}{3.281 ft/m}$$
(2)

# 7. MAINTENANCE

There are no user-serviceable parts on CS105. Vaisala recommends recalibrating the CS105 every year. Contact Campbell Scientific, Inc., phone (801) 753-2342, for an RMA number before returning the sensor for recalibration.